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Centre number		Candidate number	
Surname			
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GCSE SCIENCE A PHYSICS

Higher Tier Unit Physics P1

Wednesday 25 May 2016

Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour

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Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler
- a calculator
- the Physics Equations Sheet (enclosed).

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 60.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.
- Question 2(b) should be answered in continuous prose. In this question you will be marked on your ability to:
 - use good English
 - organise information clearly
 - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

Advice

• In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.









1 (c)	The bat emits sound waves with a range of wavelengths.
	Some of the sound waves will be diffracted by the insect.
	Complete the following sentences to explain why. [2 marks]
	Diffraction is caused by the sound wavesas they pass the insect.
	The most diffraction happens when the wavelength of the sound wave is
	the size of the insect.
1 (d)	The bat emits a sound wave with a frequency of 25.0 kHz and a wavelength of 0.0136 metres.
	Calculate the speed of this sound wave.
	Use the correct equation from the Physics Equations Sheet. [2 marks]
	Speed = m/s
1 (e)	Sound waves are longitudinal. Describe a longitudinal sound wave. [2 marks]



 A small community of people live in an area in the mountains. The houses are not connected to the National Grid.
The people plan to buy an electricity generating system that uses either the wind or the flowing water in a nearby river.

Figure 2 shows where these people live.



Figure 2

2 (a) It would not be economical to connect the houses to the National Grid. Give **one** reason why.

[1 mark]

2 (b) In this question you will be assessed on using good English, organising information clearly and using specialist terms where appropriate.

Information about the two electricity generation systems is given in Figure 3.

Figure 3

The wind turbine costs £50 000 to buy and install. The hydroelectric generator costs £20 000 to buy and install. The average power output from the wind turbine is 10 kW. The hydroelectric generator will produce a constant power output of 8 kW.



	day of operationalized	a ao wall ao infar	motion from Eigune 2	
Use your knowle	age of energy source		ination from Figure 3 .	[6 m
				-
	_			
Extra space				





3 (a) Heating food in a saucepan over a gas flame is inefficient. Suggest why. [2 marks] 3 (b) A new saucepan has been designed that heats up food much faster than a traditional saucepan. Figure 4 shows the two saucepans. Figure 4 New saucepan Traditional saucepan 23 Fins Shiny metal surface Black metal surface Describe how the features of the new saucepan cause the food to heat up faster than when the food is heated in the traditional saucepan. [2 marks] Fins _____ Black metal surface State the relationship between the temperature of the saucepan and the rate at which 3 (c) the saucepan emits infrared radiation. [1 mark]



4	Infrared and microwaves are two types of electromagnetic radiation.	
4 (a) (i)	State one example of the use of each type of radiation for communication.	[2 marks]
	Infrared	
	Microwayas:	
4 (a) (ii)	Some of the properties of infrared and microwaves are the same.	
	State two of these properties.	[2 marks]
	1	
	2	
4 (b)	In 1964, physicists discovered microwave radiation that filled the universe.	
4 (b) (i)	Name this type of radiation.	[4 m o v[4]
		[1 mark]
4 (b) (ii)	State the importance of this discovery made by the physicists.	[1 mark]
	Turn over for the next question	



5 A new design for a kettle is made from two layers of plastic separated by a vacuum. After the water in the kettle has boiled, the water stays hot for at least 2 hours.

The new kettle is shown in Figure 5.



5 (a) Explain why the vacuum reduces energy transfer to the surroundings.



Do not write outside the box







6 All European Union countries are expected to generate 20% of their electricity using renewable energy sources by 2020.

The estimated cost of generating electricity in the year 2020 using different energy sources is shown in **Table 1**.

Energy source	Estimated cost (in the year 2020) in pence per kWh
Nuclear	7.8
Solar	25.3
Tidal	18.8
Wind	10.0

Table 1

France generated 542 billion kWh of electricity using nuclear power stations in 2011. France used 478 billion kWh of electricity and sold the rest of the electricity to other countries in 2011.

6 (a) France may continue generating large amounts of electricity using nuclear power stations instead of using renewable energy resources.

2 _____

1_____

Suggest **two** reasons why.

[2 marks]



6 (b)	Give two disadvantages of generating electricity using nuclear power station	s. [2 marks]
	1	
	2	
6 (c)	A panel of solar cells has an efficiency of 0.15.	
	The total power input to the panel of solar cells is 3.2 kW.	
	Calculate the useful power output of this panel of solar cells in kW.	
	Use the correct equation from the Physics Equations Sheet.	[2 marks]
	Useful power output =	kW
	Question 6 continues on the next name	
	Question o continues on the next page	



6 (d) Table 2 shows the manufacturing cost and efficiency of different types of panels of solar cells.

Та	bl	e	2
		U	

Type of Solar Panel	Cost to manufacture a 1 m ² solar panel in £	Efficiency in %
A	40.00	20
В	22.50	15
С	5.00	10

Some scientists think that having a low manufacturing cost is more important than improving the efficiency of solar cells.

Use information from **Table 2** to suggest why.

[2 marks]

















7 (c) (iii)	Which liquid had the lowest rate of evaporation? Give a reason for your answer. [1 mark]
	Liquid
	Reason
7 (c) (iv)	A second student did the same investigation but using a smaller volume of liquid than the first student.
	All other variables were kept the same.
	What effect would this have on the results of the second student's investigation? [1 mark]
7 (d)	Explain how the evaporation of a liquid causes the temperature of the remaining liquid to decrease. [3 marks]
	Turn over for the next question







8 (c)	Energy is transferred to the coffee at the bottom of the mug.	
	Explain how a convection current is set up in the coffee.	[4 marks]
		[]
	END OF QUESTIONS	





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